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Throttle notch means a discrete throttle position for a locomotive with a limited number of throttle positions.

Throttle notch horsepower means the brake horsepower output of an engine corresponding to each throttle notch position, including dynamic-brake settings.

Throttle notch speed means the speed of the engine, expressed as the number of revolutions of the crankshaft per unit of time (e.g., rpm), corresponding to each throttle notch position, including dynamic-brake, and hotel power settings.

Tier 0 means relating to emission standards applicable to locomotives originally manufactured before January 1, 2002; or relating to such locomotives

1 means relating to emission standards applicable to locomotives originally manufactured on or after January 1, 2002 and before January 1, 2005; or relating to such locomotives.

Tier 2 means relating to emission standards applicable to locomotives originally manufactured on or after January 1, 2005; or relating to such locomotives.

Total Hydrocarbon Equivalent means the sum of the carbon mass contributions of non-oxygenated hydrocarbons, alcohols and aldehydes, or other organic compounds that are measured separately as contained in a gas sample, expressed as gasoline-fueled vehicle hydrocarbons. The hydrogen-to-carbon ratio of the equivalent hydro-carbon is 1.85:1. Total Hydrocarbon Equivalent is abbreviated THCE.

Trading means the exchange of locomotive or locomotive engine emission credits between credit holders.

United States means the States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

Upgrade means to modify a locomotive or locomotive engine that was originally manufactured prior to January 1, 1973 (or a locomotive or locomotive engine that was originally manufactured on or after January 1, 1973, and that is not subject to the emission standards of this part), such that it is intended to comply with the Tier 0 standards. Upgrading is a type of remanufacturing.

Useful life means the period during which the locomotive engine is designed to properly function in terms of reliability and fuel consumption, without being remanufactured, specified as work output or miles. It is the period during which a new locomotive or locomotive engine is required to comply with all applicable emission standards.

Volatile liquid fuel means any liquid fuel other than diesel or biodiesel.

Voluntary emission recall means a repair, adjustment, or modification program voluntarily initiated and conducted by a manufacturer or remanufacturer to remedy any emission-related defect for which notification of locomotive or locomotive engine owners has been provided.

[63 FR 18998, Apr. 16, 1998, as amended at 70 FR 40453, July 13, 2005; 73 FR 37194, June 30,

§ 92.3 Abbreviations.

The abbreviations of this section apply to all subparts of this part and have the following meanings:

ANSI-American National Standards Insti-

API-American Petroleum Institute ASTM-American Society for Testing and

Materials BHP—Brake horsepower

BSCO—Brake specific carbon monoxide

BSHC—Brake specific hydrocarbons

BSNO_x—Brake specific oxides of nitrogen

°C—Celsius

cfh—cubic feet per hour

cfm-cubic feet per minute

CFV—Critical flow venturi CL—Chemiluminescence

CO-Carbon monoxide

CO2-Carbon dioxide

cu in-cubic inch(es)

CVS-Constant volume sampler EP-End point

EPA—Environmental Protection Agency

F—Fahrenheit

FEL-Family emission limit

FID-Flame ionization detector

ft-foot or feet

g-gram(s)

gal-U.S. gallon

GC-Gas Chromatograph

h—hour(s)

H₂O-water

HC-hydrocarbon

HFID-Heated flame ionization detector

Hg-Mercury

hp-horsepower

Environmental Protection Agency

IBP—Initial boiling point in-inch(es) K—Kelvin kg-kilogram(s) km-kilometer(s) kPa-kilopascal(s) lb—pound(s) LPG-Liquified Petroleum Gas m-meter(s) max-maximum mg-milligram(s) mi—mile(s) min-minute ml-milliliter(s) mm-millimeter mph-miles per hour mv—millivolt(s) N₂—nitrogen NDIR—Nondispersive infrared NMHC—Non-methane hydrocarbons NO-nitric oxide NO2-nitrogen dioxide NO_x—oxides of nitrogen No.—number O₂—oxygen pct—percent PM—particulate matter ppm-parts per million by volume ppmC—parts per million, carbon psi-pounds per square inch psig-pounds per square inch gauge °R—Rankin rpm—revolutions per minute s—second(s) SAE—Society of Automotive Engineers SI-International system of units (i.e., met-THCE—Total hydrocarbon equivalent U.S.—United States V-volt(s) vs-versus W-watt(s) wt—weight

§92.4 Treatment of confidential information.

- (a) Any manufacturer or remanufacturer may assert that some or all of the information submitted pursuant to this part is entitled to confidential treatment as provided by 40 CFR part 2, subpart B.
- (b) Any claim of confidentiality must accompany the information at the time it is submitted to EPA.
- (c) To assert that information submitted pursuant to this part is confidential, a person or manufacturer or remanufacturer must indicate clearly the items of information claimed confidential by marking, circling, bracketing, stamping, or otherwise specifying the confidential information. Furthermore, EPA requests, but does

not require, that the submitter also provide a second copy of its submittal from which all confidential information has been deleted. If a need arises to publicly release nonconfidential information, EPA will assume that the submitter has accurately deleted the confidential information from this second copy.

- (d) If a claim is made that some or all of the information submitted pursuant to this part is entitled to confidential treatment, the information covered by that confidentiality claim will be disclosed by EPA only to the extent and by means of the procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2, subpart B.
- (e) Information provided without a claim of confidentiality at the time of submission may be made available to the public by EPA without further notice to the submitter, in accordance with 40 CFR 2.204(c)(2)(i)(A).

§ 92.5 Reference materials.

The materials listed in this section are incorporated by reference into this part with the approval of the Director of the Federal Register under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. To enforce any edition other than that specified in this section, a document must be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER and the material must be available to the public. All approved materials are available for inspection at the Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center (Air Docket) in the EPA Docket Center (EPA/DC) at Rm. 3334, EPA West Bldg., 1301 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC. The EPA/DC Public Reading Room hours of operation are 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number of the EPA/DC Public Reading Room is (202) 566-1744, and the telephone number for the Air Docket is (202) 566-1742. These approved materials are also available for inspection at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call (202) 741-6030 or go t.o http://www.archives.gov/

federal_register/

 $code_of_federal_regulations$ /

ibr_locations.html. In addition, these materials are available from the sources listed below.